

COW CALVES CHECKLIST - PRODUCTION REPORT

Agricultural Income Stabilization Insurance Program (ASRA)

The production report has various sections on the animals in inventory as well as those that were marketed during the insurance year in question.

These sections include the list of ineligible animals (females and offspring) as well as the list of identifiers with anomalies at Attestra. To help you decide what action to take, here are the various reasons why a breeding female or a marketed calf is ineligible for La Financière agricole du Québec (FADQ). You will also find possible measures to restore its insurability.

The reasons for ineligibility described below are applied to animals (offspring or females) for which reported incidents require verification that may necessitate supporting documents or other explanations before they can be accepted for your insurance file. It is also possible that these incidents do not meet the program requirements.

Please note that your production report is available at all times in your online file and is updated daily from Monday to Friday.

List of offspring or females ineligible for the FADQ production report section

Reason and Description	Contact Attestra or the FADQ	
Compliant local slaughterhouse The animal is slaughtered in a compliant local slaughterhouse. Regulations require that the animal be sold to the slaughterhouse. The list of licensed establishments can be found on the MAPAQ website.	Provide your service center with the supporting documents related to the transaction of the animal in question: sales invoice, proof of amounts received (proof of collection, copy of a cheque stamped by the financial institution) or any other document proving that the animal was in fact marketed.	
Marketing to be recognized Based on the information held by the FADQ, the calf was sold to another producer, and the transaction requires compliance validation under the terms of the Agricultural Income Stabilization Insurance (ASRA) program.	Provide your service center with the supporting documents relating to the transaction of the animal in question: sales invoice, weighing proof (full-empty truck) or any other document proving that the animal has been marketed.	
Weight gain to be validated Based on the information provided by Attestra, the calf gained more than 4 pounds per day between birth and marketing.	Check the information declared to Attestra and make corrections to the birth or sale dates if necessary. Also make sure that the sale weight is accurate or if an error has been made (average weight, cow and calves weighed together, approximate date of birth, etc.).	
Permanent identification (PI) divided		
Two separate animals are identified with the same ID number and Attestra has divided it by entering A or B to replace the 5th digit: 1240 A 0111111111 and 1240 B 01111111111. The report must be consistent with the animal's life incidents for the IP to be accepted by the FADQ, if applicable.	can be made eligible and if supporting documents are	

Reason and Description	Contact Attestra or the FADQ
Unrecognized participant - Type of participant not known to the FADQ	
Based on the information held by the FADQ, the participant in the transaction is not recognized when:	
 it is not listed with the FADQ and has never sent information to Attestra before; 	
 it may also be a reporting error on the part of a stakeholder who does not usually trade in cattle. 	
Unrecognized ownership	
The animal is supposed to be marketed, but the FADQ cannot recognize the seller-breeder as the owner, among other reasons because the seller-breeder's FADQ client number is missing or the animal's place of origin as reported by the buyer does not belong to the seller-breeder.	
Replacement of an unknown permanent identification The permanent identification replaces another IP without the identification being matched to the number of the original tag that has been replaced. No animal can be accepted without a physical inventory of the livestock having been conducted and its presence on the farm having been verified. Where applicable, the animals in question may be made eligible only from the date of acceptance by the FADQ. The FADQ recommends that you conduct a complete reading of your herd identifiers on an annual basis and update Attestra.	
Rendered ineligible by the service center	Provide your service center with the sales invoice,
Information about the animal indicates that it is ineligible.	weighing proof, documents related to the birth of the animal, or any other document or information required for the FADQ to accept the transaction.
Released in Quebec without sales data – Released outside Quebec without sales data An animal has been released from the business, but no subsequent sale has been reported to Attestra. Whether the animal is released in Quebec or outside Quebec, the transaction is considered to be without sales data and must be validated and accepted by the FADQ, if applicable.	
Unrecognized release	
A stakeholder other than the breeder-seller has reported the release of an animal that was not on one of their sites.	
Release followed by death - Sale followed by death	
A death incident was reported in Attestra less than 7 days after the release or sale of the calf. To be eligible for ASRA, you must provide marketing proof of your animal to the FADQ.	

For the following situations, no action is required. However, to learn more about the program's administrative procedures and standards or the parties involved, contact your FADQ insurance advisor.

Identifiers that cannot be regulated by the FADQ production report section

Reason and Description

Non-compliant slaughterhouse - Slaughter without a slaughterhouse

Based on the information held by the FADQ, the slaughterhouse is closed and did not have a slaughter permit on the date the animal was slaughtered. The FADQ conducts compliance validations of federal, provincial or local slaughterhouses with the MAPAQ or the Canadian Food Inspection Agency (CFIA).

Ineligible animals slaughtered:

- in a slaughterhouse that is not recognized by the FADQ for data transmission;
- on a site that is not that of a slaughterhouse;
- by a registrant that is not a slaughterhouse.

The list of licensed establishments can be found on the MAPAQ and ACIA websites.

Over the maximum age

The calf sold is over the maximum allowed age (30 months).

Cow over the maximum allowed age

The cow has reached the maximum age for breeding (16 years).

Animal already marketed

The calf was not born on your farm in Quebec. It has therefore already been sold once and is ineligible.

Calf whose entire carcass has been condemned

The slaughterhouse has provided information indicating that the animal's carcass was completely condemned at the time of slaughter.

Inventory update

The animal was removed from the herd following an inventory update.

Dead animal

A death report, a rendering or a necropsy has been received at Attestra by a renderer, an animal pathology laboratory (necropsy) or another stakeholder.

Non-compliant birth

Only births reported by the producer-breeder or certain agents are eligible.

Below minimum weight

The minimum insurable selling weight is 450 lb (204.18 kg).

Selling weight missing

Calves were sold to a steers and cattle producer for slaughter, an auction or a slaughterhouse, but the stakeholder did not report an entry weight to Attestra. Contact the stakeholder so that they can send the weights to Attestra or contact your service center if you have supporting documents to validate the sale weight of the animals.

Return as a breeding animal of a sold offspring

A calf born on a farm in Quebec was sold, then bought back and returned to the inventory as a breeding female in the business where it was born.

Sale after file closure

A calf was sold after the insurance file was closed (ASRA).

Sale before file opening

A calf was sold before the insurance file was opened (ASRA).

Sale to a consumer

The animal was sold to a consumer. This type of marketing, like contract slaughtering in a local slaughterhouse, is inadmissible.

List of identifiers with anomalies to Attestra production report section

Reason and Description	Contact Attestra
Identifier with at least one missing datum One or more data is incomplete or missing for the identifier. The data to be specified are listed in the report.	Provide Attestra with information regarding the identifier, including the gender, date of birth and category (dairy or beef) of your animal if you are the owner.
Identifier with at least one inconsistent datum Attestra has sent us the data on an IP number. However, one or more data attached to the IP are inconsistent.	Check the information related to the identifier and contact Attestra to have the erroneous information validated and corrected.
There are inconsistencies among the animal's life incidents. This may be an entry date or release date that is earlier than the date of birth.	

IMPORTANT

- Comply with the obligations and regulations related to the Stabilization of Farm Income (ASRA) program.
- Ensure that the incidents reported to Attestra and in your FADQ insurance file are compliant. They must be representative of the traceability and reality of your business.
- Consult the <u>protection summary</u> and various <u>checklists</u> on the homepage of the <u>FADQ website</u>.

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