

# LAMBS CHECKLIST - PRODUCTION REPORT

## Agricultural Income Stabilization Insurance Program (ASRA)

The production report has various sections on the animals in inventory as well as those that have been marketed during the insurance year in question.

These sections include the list of ineligible animals (females and offspring) for which the declared incidents require verification of may necessitate supporting documents or other explanations before they can be accepted in your insurance file. It is also possible that they do not meet the program requirements.

Please note that your production report is available at all times in your online file and is updated daily from Monday to Friday.

## List of ineligible offspring and females not considered in the breeding herd at the FADQ report section

Reason and Description	Contact the FADQ
Compliant local slaughterhouse	
The animal is slaughtered in a compliant local slaughterhouse. The regulation requires that the animal be sold to the slaughterhouse. Heavy lambs sold must be confirmed by Les Éleveurs d'ovins du Québec (LEOQ) and the register of sales to local slaughterhouses must be signed by the producer.	documents related to the transaction of the animal in question: sales invoice, proof of amounts received (proof of collection, copy of a cheque stamped by the financial institution) or any other document proving that the animal has in fact been marketed.
The list of slaughterhouses with a permit is available on the <u>MAPAQ</u> website.	
Sale to be recognized  According to the information held by FADQ, the lamb was sold to a producer and	
requires a validation of compliance to program (ASRA) terms and conditions.	
Permanent identification (PI) divided	Check with your insurance advisor to see if the animal can be made eligible and if supporting documents are required.
Two separate animals are identified with the same ID number and Attestra has divided it by entering $\bf A$ or $\bf B$ to replace the 5th digit: 1240 $\bf A$ 0111111111 and 1240 $\bf B$ 0111111111. The report must be consistent with the animal's life incidents for the IP to be accepted by the FADQ, if applicable.	
Unrecognized participant - Type of participant not known to the FADQ	
Based on the information held by the FADQ, the participant in the transaction is not recognized when:	
<ul> <li>it is not listed with the FADQ and has never sent information to Attestra before;</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>it may also be a reporting error on the part of a stakeholder who does not usually trade lambs.</li> </ul>	
<b>Unrecognized ownership</b> The animal is supposed to be marketed, but the FADQ cannot recognize the seller-breeder as the owner, among other reasons because the seller-breeder's FADQ client number is missing or the animal's place of origin as reported by the buyer does not belong to the seller-breeder.	Provide your service center with the sales invoice, weighing proof, documents relating to the birth of the animal or any other document or information required for the FADQ to accept the transaction.

Reason and Description
Replacement of an unknown permanent identification  The permanent identification replaces another IP without the identification being natched to the number of the original tag that has been replaced. No animal can be accepted without a physical inventory of the livestock having been conducted and its presence on the farm having been verified. Where applicable, the animals in question may be made eligible only from the date of acceptance by the FADQ.  The FADQ recommends that you conduct a complete reading of your herd identifiers on an annual basis and update Attestra.
Rendered ineligible by the service center Information about the animal indicates that it is ineligible.
Released in Quebec without sales data – Released outside Quebec without sales data  An animal has been released from the business, but no subsequent sale has been reported to Attestra. Whether the animal is released in Quebec or outside Quebec, the transaction is considered to be without sales data and must be validated and accepted by the FADQ, if applicable.
Unrecognized release A stakeholder other than the breeder-seller has reported the release of an animal that was not on one of their sites.
Release followed by death - Sale followed by death  A death incident was recorded at Attestra less than 7 days after the release or sale of a lamb. To be eligible for ASRA, you must provide proof of marketing your animal to the FADQ.
Slaughterhouse's conversion rate missing The slaughterhouse did not provide information about the weighing method used at the time of slaughter.
Sale not confirmed by the Agency The sale of lambs was not confirmed by LEOQ, a slaughter datum is missing or the confirmation received is different from the exit or sale.

Reason and description	Contact LEOQ
Information from Agency, but no sale and exit information Although a transaction was confirmed by LEOQ, there is no sales or exit information. The animal was not reported as having left the farm by the seller and no purchase was reported.	Provide information while respecting the terms and conditions in effect.  You are always responsible for ensuring the compliance of information registered at Attestra
Seller of breeders not recognized	and LEOQ to sell stock sold for breeding or
The producer's participation in the GenOvis program and the registration of at least 10% of the female breeders with the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation need to be confirmed.	heavy lambs. Among other things, for sales at the farm, you must send the actual slaughter date to LEOQ.

For the following situations, no action is required. However, to learn more about the program's administrative procedures and standards or the parties involved, contact your FADQ insurance advisor.

## Identifiers that cannot be regulated by the FADQ production report section

## Reason and description

## Non-compliant slaughterhouse - Slaughter without a slaughterhouse

Based on the information held by the FADQ, the slaughterhouse is closed and did not have a slaughter permit on the date the animal was slaughtered. The FADQ conducts compliance validations of federal, provincial or local slaughterhouses with the MAPAQ or the Canadian Food Inspection Agency (CFIA).

Ineligible animals slaughtered:

- in a slaughterhouse that is not recognized by the FADQ for data transmission;
- on a site that is not that of a slaughterhouse;
- by a registrant that is not a slaughterhouse.

The list of licensed establishments can be found on the MAPAQ and ACIA websites.

### Breeder sold is under minimum age

The age of the lamb sold for breeding was under 109 days.

#### Maximum age exceeded

The age of the lamb sold for breeding exceeds the maximum age (male: max. 548 days and female: max. 365 days). With regard to the sale of heavy lambs, please see LEOQ's sales agency regulations.

#### Animal already marketed

The lamb was not born on your farm in Quebec. It has therefore already been sold once and is ineligible.

#### Lamb whose entire carcass has been condemned

The slaughterhouse has provided information indicating that the animal's carcass was completely condemned at the time of slaughter.

#### **Dead animal**

A death report, rendering or necropsy has been received at Attestra by a renderer, animal pathology laboratory (necropsy) or other stakeholder.

#### Non-compliant birth

Only births reported by the producer-breeder or certain agents are eligible.

#### Below minimum weight

The minimum insurable selling weight is 30 lb (13,6 kg).

#### Breeder not sold

Declarations made do not make it possible to consider a subject for breeding as sold. An entry declaration is listed by the seller on the seller's production site or the seller provided Les Éleveurs d'ovins du Québec with their own site as the destination site.

### Return as a breeding animal of a sold offspring

A lamb born on a farm in Quebec was sold, then bought back and returned to the inventory as a breeding female in the business where it was born. All breeding stock sold must be reported to LEOQ.

#### Sale after file closure

A calf was sold after the insurance file was closed (ASRA).

#### Sale before file opening

A calf was sold before the insurance file was opened (ASRA).

## Sale to a consumer

A live animal was sold to a consumer. This type of marketing, like contract slaughtering in a local slaughterhouse, is inadmissible.

## List of identifiers with anomalies to Attestra production report section

Reason and Description	Contact Attestra
Identifier with at least one missing datum  One or more data is incomplete or missing for the identifier. The data to be specified are listed in the report.	Provide Attestra with information regarding the identifier, including the gender and date of birth of your animal if you are the owner.
Identifier with at least one inconsistent datum  Attestra has sent us the data on an IP number. However, one or more data attached to the IP are inconsistent.	Check the information related to the identifier and contact Attestra to have the erroneous information validated and corrected.
There are inconsistencies among the animal's life incidents. This may be an entry date or release date that is earlier than the date of birth.	

#### **IMPORTANT**

- Comply with the obligations and regulations related to the Stabilization of Farm Income (ASRA) program.
- Ensure that the events reported to Attestra and in your FADQ insurance file are compliant. They must be representative of the traceability and reality of your business.
- Consult the <u>protection summary and various checklists</u> on the homepage of the <u>FADQ website</u>.

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